

# [MS-OXCMSG]: Message and Attachment Object Protocol Specification

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Preliminary

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# 1 Introduction

The Message and Attachment Object Protocol provides the methods used within the server for manipulating Message objects.

## 1.1 Glossary

The following terms are defined in [MS-OXGLOS]:

ASCII  
Attachment object  
BCC recipient  
CC recipient  
code page  
Contact object  
contents table  
Embedded Message object  
folder associated information (FAI)  
folder ID (FID)  
Folder object  
handle  
LogonID  
message ID (MID)  
Message object  
metafile  
MIME  
named property  
primary recipient  
property tag  
read receipt  
remote operation (ROP)  
ROP request buffer  
ROP response buffer  
soft delete  
table  
Unicode

The following terms are defined in [MS-GLOS]:

### 8.3 Name

The following terms are specific to this document:

**header message object:** A **Message object** that contains partial information about a message left on a server such as an identifier for the message, the display names of the recipients and sender of the message, the subject of the message, and the delivery time

of the message. It allows a client to display enough information about a message to let a user choose which messages to download.

**MAY, SHOULD, MUST, SHOULD NOT, MUST NOT:** These terms (in all caps) are used as described in [RFC2119]. All statements of optional behavior use either MAY, SHOULD, or SHOULD NOT.

## 1.2 References

### 1.2.1 Normative References

[MS-LCID] Microsoft Corporation, "Windows Language Code Identifier (LCID) Reference", March 2007, <http://go.microsoft.com/fwlink/?LinkId=112265>.

[MS-OXCADATA] Microsoft Corporation, "Data Structures Protocol Specification", April 2008.

[MS-OXCFCAL] Microsoft Corporation, "Folder Object Protocol Specification", April 2008.

[MS-OXCPRPT] Microsoft Corporation, "Property and Stream Object Protocol Specification", April 2008.

[MS-OXCROPS] Microsoft Corporation, "Remote Operations (ROP) List and Encoding Protocol Specification", April 2008.

[MS-OXCSTOR] Microsoft Corporation, "Store Object Protocol Specification", April 2008.

[MS-OXCTABL] Microsoft Corporation, "Table Object Protocol Specification", April 2008.

[MS-OXOABK] Microsoft Corporation, "Address Book Object Protocol Specification", April 2008.

[MS-OXOCAL] Microsoft Corporation, "Appointment and Meeting Object Protocol Specification", April 2008.

[MS-OXOCNTC] Microsoft Corporation, "Contact Object Protocol Specification", April 2008.

[MS-OXODOC] Microsoft Corporation, "Document Object Protocol Specification", April 2008.

[MS-OXOJRN] Microsoft Corporation, "Journal Object Protocol Specification", April 2008.

[MS-OXOMSG] Microsoft Corporation, "E-mail Object Protocol Specification", April 2008.

[MS-OXONOTE] Microsoft Corporation, "Note Object Protocol Specification", April 2008.

[MS-OXOPOST] Microsoft Corporation, "Post Object Protocol Specification", April 2008.

[MS-OXORSS] Microsoft Corporation, "RSS Object Protocol Specification", April 2008.

[MS-OXOSFLD] Microsoft Corporation, "Special Folders Protocol Specification", April 2008.

[MS-OXOSMIME] Microsoft Corporation, "S/MIME E-mail Object Protocol Specification", April 2008.

[MS-OXOSMMS] Microsoft Corporation, "SMS and MMS Object Protocol Specification", April 2008.

[MS-OXOTASK] Microsoft Corporation, "Task-Related Objects Protocol Specification", April 2008.

[MS-OXOUM] Microsoft Corporation, "Voice Mail and Fax Objects Protocol Specification", April 2008.

[MS-OXPROPS] Microsoft Corporation, "Office Exchange Protocols Master Property List Specification", April 2008.

[MS-OXTNEF] Microsoft Corporation, "Transport Neutral Encapsulation Format (TNEF) Protocol Specification", April 2008.

[MS-WMF] Microsoft Corporation, "Windows Metafile Format Specification", June 2007, <http://go.microsoft.com/fwlink/?LinkId=112205>.

[RFC2119] Bradner, S., "Key words for use in RFCs to Indicate Requirement Levels", BCP 14, RFC 2119, March 1997, <http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc2119.txt>.

[RFC2822] Resnick, P., Ed., "Internet Message Format", RFC 2822, April 2001, <http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc2822.txt>

## 1.2.2 Informative References

None.

## 1.3 Protocol Overview (Synopsis)

### 1.3.1 Messages

**Message objects** are representations of end-users' data that store properties and are persisted in a folder hierarchy within a message store.

### 1.3.2 FAI Messages

**FAI messages** are a type of message that contains non-user data needed by the client or server. FAI messages are persisted in the same way as **Message objects**, but cannot be sent.

### 1.3.3 Message Recipients

Message objects allow clients to associate one or more recipients to a message. A recipient is a set of properties that describe where the message is to be delivered. Clients add, remove or modify recipients through the **RecipientRows**.

### 1.3.4 Message Attachments

An **Attachment object** is used by a client to associate files, **OLE** objects, other messages, or binary data with a particular Message object. Because Attachment objects are created, maintained, and accessed only in the context of a message, they are considered sub-objects. Operations that affect the location of a Message object also apply to its attachments. Clients retrieve information about attachments in a message via an attachment table, which is a table object as specified in the [MS-OXCTABL].

## 1.4 Relationship to Other Protocols

The Message and Attachment Object Protocol relies on **folders**, **tables**, and **properties** (for more details see [MS-OXCFOLD] , [MS-OXOSFLD], [MS-OXCTABL], [MS-OXCPRPT]), as well as the underlying Remote Operations transport (see [MS-OXCROPS]).

At the time of this publication, the following protocols are known to extend Message and Attachment Object Protocol.

- Appointment and Meeting Object Protocol, [MS-OXOCAL]
- Contact Object Protocol, [MS-OXOCNTC]
- E-mail Object Protocol, [MS-OXOMSG]
- Task –Related Objects Protocol, [MS-OXOTASK]
- Note Object Protocol, [MS-OXONOTE]
- Journal Object Protocol, [MS-OXOJRNL]
- RSS Object Protocol, [MS-OXORSS]
- Post Object Protocol, [MS-OXOPOST]
- SMS and MMS Object Protocol, [MS-OXOSMMS]
- Document Object Protocol, [MS-OXODOC]
- S/MIME E-mail Object Protocol, [MS-OXOSMIME]
- Voice Mail and Fax Objects Protocol, [MS-OXOUM]

## 1.5 Prerequisites/Preconditions

The Message and Attachment Object Protocol assumes the client has previously logged on to the server and has acquired a handle to the **Folder object** upon which it needs to operate. See [MS-OXCFOLD] and [MS-OXCSTOR].

## 1.6 Applicability Statement

The Message and Attachment Object Protocol can be used as the basis for different types of personal information messages, like E-mail, Contacts, Appointments, Notes, etc.

## 1.7 Versioning and Capability Negotiation

None.

## 1.8 Vendor-Extensible Fields

A third-party application can create its own set of **named properties** on a Message object as specified in [MS-OXCPRPT]. A third-party application can also extend the Message and Attachment Object Protocol to implement its own object type, by changing **PidTagMessageClass**. See [MS-OXONOTES] for a simple example that extends this protocol to implement an electronic representation of a “Sticky Note”.

## 1.9 Standards Assignments

None.

# 2 Messages

## 2.1 Transport

The **ROP Request Buffers** and **ROP Response Buffers** specified by this protocol are sent to and respectively are received from the server using the underlying Remote Operations transport as specified in [MS-OXCROPS].

## 2.2 Message Syntax

Message objects can be created and modified by clients and servers. Except where noted below, this section defines constraints to which both clients and servers **MUST** adhere when operating on Message objects.

Clients operate on Message objects using the **ROPs** as specified in [Section 2.2.3], and the Property and Stream Object Protocol. See [MS-OXCPRPT] for more information.

Unless otherwise specified below, all property constraints specified in [MS-OXPROPS] apply to Message objects. A Message object **MAY** also contain other properties defined in [MS-OXPROPS] but these properties have no impact on this protocol.

When a property is referred to as “read-only for the client” the server **MUST** return an error and ignore any request to change the value of that property.

## 2.2.1 Message Object Properties

### 2.2.1.1 General Properties

The following properties exist on all Message objects. These properties are read-only for the client. For specifications of the properties listed here see [MS-OXCPRPT].

PidTagAccess	PidTagLastModificationTime
PidTagAccessLevel	PidTagObjectType
PidTagChangeKey	PidTagRecordKey
PidTagCreationTime	PidTagSearchKey
PidTagLastModifierName	

### 2.2.1.2 PidTagHasAttachments

Type: PtypBoolean.

Indicates whether the Message object contains at least one attachment. This property is read-only for the client.

The server computes this property from the **mfHasAttach** flag of **PidTagMessageFlags**.

### 2.2.1.3 PidTagMessageClass

Type: PtypString.

Denotes the specific type of the Message object. It determines the set of properties defined for the message, the kind of information the message conveys, and how to handle the message.

All characters in this property MUST be from the **ASCII** characters 0x20 through 0x7F. It MUST NOT end with a period (ASCII character 0x2E), and its length MUST be greater than zero and less than 256 characters. Furthermore, its length SHOULD be fewer than 128 characters, because some operations require extending the value of **PidTagMessageClass**.

The value of this property is interpreted in groups of characters separated by periods (“.”). Each group specifies a derived type of object. If a server or client does not recognize a message class, it reverts to acting on all but the last group, recursively, until a recognized form remains. A message class of “IPM.Note” denotes a standard Message object, and a message class of “Remote.IPM.Note” indicates a header Message object.

### 2.2.1.4 PidTagMessageCodepage

Type: PtypInteger32, unsigned.

Specifies the **code page** used to encode the **non-Unicode** string properties on this Message object. The Folder object code page is used if this property is set to 0x0000.

### 2.2.1.5 PidTagMessageLocaleId

Type: PtypInteger32, unsigned.

Contains the Windows LCID of the end-user who created this message. See [MS-LCID].

### 2.2.1.6 PidTagMessageFlags

Type: PtypeInteger32.

Specifies the status of the Message object; MUST be set to a bitwise OR of zero or more of the values from the following tables.

After the first successful **RopSaveChangesMessage** [Section 2.2.3.3] these flags are read-only for the client.

Name	Value	Description
mfRead	0x00000001	The message is marked as having been read.
mfUnsent	0x00000008	The message is still being composed. This bit MUST be cleared by the server when responding to <b>RopSubmitMessage</b> with a success code. See [MS-OXOMSG] for details.
mfResend	0x00000080	The message includes a request for a resend operation with a non-delivery report. See [MS-OXOMSG] for details.

These flags are always read-only for the client.

Type	Value	Description
mfUnmodified	0x00000002	The message has not been modified since it was first saved (if unsent) or it was delivered (if sent).
mfSubmitted	0x00000004	The message is marked for sending as a result of a call to <b>RopSubmitMessage</b> [MS-OXOMSG].
mfHasAttach	0x00000010	The message has at least one attachment. This flag corresponds to the message's <b>PidTagHasAttachments</b> property.
mfFromMe	0x00000020	The user receiving the message was also the user who sent the message.
mfFAI	0x00000040	The message is an <b>FAI</b> message.
mfNotifyRead	0x00000100	The user who sent the message has requested notification when a recipient first reads it.
mfNotifyUnread	0x00000200	The user who sent the message has requested notification when a recipient deletes it before reading or the Message object expires as specified in [MS-OXOMSG].
mfInternet	0x00002000	The incoming message arrived over the Internet and originated either outside the organization or from a source the gateway does not consider trusted.
mfUntrusted	0x00008000	The incoming message arrived over an external link other than X.400 or the Internet. It originated either outside the organization or from a source the gateway does not consider trusted.

**PidTagMessageFlags** are also modified using **RopSetMessageReadFlag** [Section 2.2.3.11] request or **RopSetReadFlags** [MS-OXCFCOLD].

### 2.2.1.7 PidTagMessageSize

Type: PtypInteger32, unsigned.

Contains the size in **BYTES** consumed by the Message object on the server. This property is read-only for the client.

### 2.2.1.8 PidTagSubjectPrefix

Type: PtypString.

Contains the prefix for the subject of the message. **MUST** be set by the client, but **MAY** be an empty string. The sum of the lengths of **PidTagNormalizedSubject** and **PidTagSubjectPrefix** **MUST** be less than 254 characters.

The client does not include **PidTagSubjectPrefix** in a **RopGetPropertiesSpecific** request. Instead, the client uses the **SubjectPrefix** field from the **RopOpenMessage** response buffer.

### 2.2.1.9 PidTagNormalizedSubject

Type: PtypString.

Contains the normalized subject of the message. **MUST** be set by the client, but **MAY** be an empty string. The sum of the lengths of **PidTagNormalizedSubject** and **PidTagSubjectPrefix** **MUST** be less than 254 characters.

The client does not include **PidTagNormalizedSubject** in a **RopGetPropertiesSpecific** request. Instead, the client uses the **NormalizedSubject** field from the **RopOpenMessage** response buffer.

### 2.2.1.10 PidTagImportance

Type: PtypInteger32.

Indicates the level of importance assigned by the end user to the Message object; **MUST** be set to one of the following values:

Value	Description
0x00000000	Low importance.
0x00000001	Normal importance.
0x00000002	High importance.

### 2.2.1.11 PidTagPriority

Type: PtypInteger32.

Indicates the client's request for the priority at which the message is to be sent by the messaging system; **MUST** be one of the following values:

Value	Description
0xFFFFFFFF	Urgent.
0x00000000	Normal.

0x00000001	Non-Urgent
------------	------------

### 2.2.1.12 PidTagSensitivity

Type: PtypeInteger32.

Indicates the sender's assessment of the sensitivity of the Message object. MUST be one of the following:

Value	Description
0x00000000	Normal
0x00000001	Personal
0x00000002	Private
0x00000003	Confidential

### 2.2.1.13 PidLidSmartNoAttach

Type: PtypBoolean.

Indicates whether the Message object has no end-user visible attachments. This property MAY be unset; if so, a default value of 0x00 is assumed.

### 2.2.1.14 PidLidPrivate

Type: PtypBoolean.

Indicates whether the end-user wishes for this Message object to be hidden from other users who have access to the Message object.

### 2.2.1.15 PidLidSideEffects

Type: PtypeInteger32.

Controls how a Message object is handled by the client when acting on end-user input. MUST be set to a bitwise OR of zero or more of the following flags:

Value	Description
0x0001	Additional processing is required on the Message object when deleting.
0x0008	No UI is associated with the Message object.
0x0010	Additional processing is required on the Message object when moving or copying to a Folder object with a <b>PidTagContainerClass</b> of "IPF.Note".
0x0020	Additional processing is required on the Message object when copying to another folder.
0x0040	Additional processing is required on the Message object when moving to another folder.
0x0100	Additional processing is required on the Message object when displaying verbs to the end-user.
0x0400	Cannot undo delete operation, MUST NOT be set unless 0x0001 is set
0x0800	Cannot undo copy operation, MUST NOT be set unless 0x0020 is set
0x1000	Cannot undo move operation, MUST NOT be set unless 0x0040 is set

0x2000	The Message object contains end-user script.
0x4000	Additional processing is required to permanently delete the Message object.

#### 2.2.1.16 **PidNameKeywords**

Type: PtypMultiString.

Contains keywords or categories for the Message object. The length of each string within the multi-value string **MUST** be less than 256.

#### 2.2.1.17 **PidLidCommonStart**

Type: PtypTime.

Indicates the start time for the Message object. **MUST** be less than or equal to the value of **PidLidCommonEnd**. This time is interpreted as UTC or local depending on the specification of an extension to this protocol.

#### 2.2.1.18 **PidLidCommonEnd**

Type: PtypTime.

Indicates the end time for the Message object. **MUST** be greater than or equal to the value of **PidLidCommonStart**. This time is interpreted as UTC or local depending on the specification of an extension to this protocol.

#### 2.2.1.19 **Body Properties**

A group of related properties valid on any Message object that specify the body text format and contents and conform to the specification in [MS-OXBBODY].

##### 2.2.1.19.1 **PidTagBody**

Type: PtypString.

Contains the unformatted text analogous to the text/plain body of [RFC2822].

##### 2.2.1.19.2 **PidTagBodyHtml**

Type: PtypBinary.

Contains the HTML body as specified in [RFC2822].

##### 2.2.1.19.3 **PidTagRtfCompressed**

Type: PtypBinary

Contains a Rich Text Format (RTF) body compressed as specified in [MS-OXRTFCP].

##### 2.2.1.19.4 **PidTagRtfInSync**

Type: PtypBoolean.

Indicates whether the RTF body has been synchronized with the contents in PidTagBody.

#### 2.2.1.19.5 PidTagInternetCodepage

Type: PtypInteger32

Indicates the code page used for **PidTagBody** or **PidTagBodyHtml**.

#### 2.2.1.20 Contact Linking Properties

A group of related properties valid on any Message object containing information about the linked **contact objects**.

##### 2.2.1.20.1 PidLidContactLinkEntry

Type: PtypBinary.

Contains the list of **Address Book EntryIds** linked to by this Message object.

Size in BYTES	Meaning	Notes
4	Address Entry Count	
4	Size of this property minus 4 (FieldSize)	
variable	Address Book EntryID data	Repeats Address Entry Count times
0 – 3	Padding to make FieldSize a multiple of 4	Each padding BYTE MUST be 0x00.

##### 2.2.1.20.2 PidLidContacts

Type: PtypMultiString.

Contains the **PidTagDisplayName** of each Address Book **EntryId** referenced in the value of **PidLidContactLinkEntry**. MAY also include names not referenced in **PidLidContactLinkEntry**.

##### 2.2.1.20.3 PidLidContactLinkName

Type: PtypString.

Contains the elements of **PidLidContacts**, separated by a semicolon and a space (“; ”).

##### 2.2.1.20.4 PidLidContactLinkSearchKey

Type: PtypBinary.

Contains the list of SearchKeys for the contact object linked to by this Message object.

Length in BYTES	Meaning	Notes
2	ContactEntryCount	
variable	SearchKey data	Repeats ContactEntryCount times

## 2.2.2 Attachment Object Properties

### 2.2.2.1 General Properties

The following properties exist on any Attachment object. These properties **MUST** be set by the server and are read-only for the client. For specifications of these properties see [MS-OXPRPT].

PidTagAccessLevel

PidTagRecordKey

PidTagObjectType

### 2.2.2.2 PidTagLastModificationTime

Type: PtypTime, in UTC.

Indicates the last time the file referenced by the Attachment object was modified, or the last time the Attachment object itself was modified.

### 2.2.2.3 PidTagCreationTime

Type: PtypTime, in UTC.

Indicates the time the file referenced by the Attachment object was created, or the time the Attachment object itself was created.

### 2.2.2.4 PidTagDisplayName

Type: PtypString.

Contains the name of the attachment as input by the end user. **MUST** be set to the same as **PidTagAttachLongFilename**.

### 2.2.2.5 PidTagAttachSize

Type: PtypInteger32, unsigned.

Contains the size in **BYTES** consumed by the Attachment object on the server. This property is read-only for the client.

### 2.2.2.6 PidTagAttachNumber

Type: PtypInteger32, unsigned.

Identifies the Attachment object within its Message object. **MUST** be unique among the Attachment objects in a message.

### 2.2.2.7 PidTagAttachDataBinary

Type: PtypBinary.

Contains the contents of the file to be attached.

### 2.2.2.8 PidTagAttachDataObject

Type: PtypObject.

Contains the binary representation of the Attachment object in an application-specific format.

#### 2.2.2.9 PidTagAttachMethod

Type: PtypInteger32.

Represents the way the contents of an attachment are accessed. MUST be one of the following values:

Name	Value	Description
afNone	0x00000000	The attachment has just been created.
afByValue	0x00000001	<b>PidTagAttachDataBinary</b> contains the attachment data.
afByReference	0x00000002	<b>PidTagAttachLongPathname</b> contains a fully qualified path identifying the attachment to recipients with access to a common file server.
afByReferenceOnly	0x00000004	<b>PidTagAttachLongPathname</b> contains a fully qualified path identifying the attachment.
afEmbeddedMessage	0x00000005	<b>PidTagAttachDataObject</b> contains an embedded object that is accessed as a Message object.
afStorage	0x00000006	<b>PidTagAttachDataObject</b> contains data in an application-specific format.

#### 2.2.2.10 PidTagAttachLongFilename

Type: PtypString.

Contains the full filename and extension of the Attachment object.

#### 2.2.2.11 PidTagAttachFilename

Type: PtypString.

Contains the **8.3 name** of **PidTagAttachLongFilename**

#### 2.2.2.12 PidTagAttachExtension

Type: PtypString.

Contains a filename extension that indicates the document type of an attachment.

#### 2.2.2.13 PidTagAttachLongPathname

Type: PtypString.

Contains the fully qualified path and filename with extension.

#### 2.2.2.14 PidTagAttachPathname

Type: PtypString.

Contains the **8.3 name** of **PidTagAttachLongPathname**.

### 2.2.2.15 PidTagAttachTag

Type: PtypBinary.

Contains the identifier information for the application which supplied the Attachment object's data. This property MAY be left unset; if set, it MUST be one of the following:

Definition	Data	Comments
TNEF	{0x2A, 86, 48, 86, F7, 14, 03, 0A, 01}	See [MS-OXTNEF]
afStorage	{0x2A, 86, 48, 86, F7, 14, 03, 0A, 03, 02, 01}	Data is in an application-specific format.
MIME	{0x2A, 86, 48, 86, F7, 14, 03, 0A, 04}	See [MS-OXCMAIL]

### 2.2.2.16 PidTagRenderingPosition

Type: PtypInteger32, unsigned.

Represents an offset, in rendered characters, to use when rendering an attachment within the main message text. The value 0xFFFFFFFF indicates a hidden attachment.

### 2.2.2.17 PidTagAttachRendering

Type: PtypBinary.

Contains a Windows Metafile as specified in [MS-WMF] for the Attachment object.

### 2.2.2.18 PidTagAttachFlags

Type: PtypInteger32, as a bit field.

Indicates which body formats might reference this attachment when rendering data. MUST contain a bitwise OR of zero or more of the following flags.

Value	Meaning
0x00000001	The Attachment object is not available to be rendered in HTML.
0x00000002	The Attachment object is not available to be rendered in Rich Text Format.
0x00000004	The Attachment object is referenced and rendered within the HTML body of the associated Message object. See <b>PidTagBodyHtml</b> .

### 2.2.2.19 PidTagAttachTransportName

Type: PtypString.

Contains the name of an attachment file, modified so that it can be correlated with TNEF messages, see [MS-OXTNEF].

### 2.2.2.20 PidTagAttachEncoding

Type: PtypBinary.

Contains encoding information about the Attachment object. MUST be either unset or set to {0x2A, 86, 48, 86, F7, 14, 03, 0B, 01}.

#### 2.2.2.21 **PidTagAttachAdditionalInformation**

Type: PtypString.

MUST be unset if **PidTagAttachEncoding** is unset. MUST be set to “:CREA:TYPE” if **PidTagAttachEncoding** is set.

#### 2.2.2.22 **PidTagAttachmentLinkId**

Type: PtypInteger32.

The type of Message object to which this attachment is linked. MUST be 0x00000000, unless overridden by other protocols that extend Message and Attachment Object Protocol as noted in [Section 1.4].

#### 2.2.2.23 **PidTagAttachmentFlags**

Type: PtypInteger32.

Indicates special handling for this Attachment object. MUST be 0x00000000, unless overridden by other protocols that extend Message and Attachment Object Protocol as noted in [Section 1.4].

#### 2.2.2.24 **PidTagAttachmentHidden**

Type: PtypBoolean.

Indicates whether this Attachment object is hidden from the end user.

#### 2.2.2.25 **MIME properties**

The following properties contain **MIME** information and MAY be left unset. For MIME specifications, see [RFC2045]. For the specification on mapping these properties, see [MS-OXCMAIL].

Type	Property	Content
PtypString	PidTagAttachMimeTag	The content-type MIME header
PtypString	PidTagAttachContentId	A content identifier unique to this message object that matches a corresponding “cid:” URI scheme reference in the HTML body of the Message object
PtypString	PidTagAttachContentLocation	A relative or full URI that matches a corresponding reference in the HTML body of the Message object
PtypString	PidTagAttachContentBase	The base of a relative URI. MUST be set if <b>PidTagAttachContentLocation</b> contains a relative URI.

### 2.2.3 **Message Object ROPS**

The following sections specify the format of the **ROP requests buffers** specific to the Message and Attachment Object Protocol. Before sending these requests to the server, the

client has logged on to the server, and acquired a handle to the Message object or Folder object used in the **ROP** request.

### 2.2.3.1 RopOpenMessage Buffer Format

**RopOpenMessage** provides access to an existing Message object, which is identified by the **MID**. The folder containing the Message object is identified by the **FID**.

For this ROP, the **InputHandleIndex** is a **Folder object** and the **OutputHandleIndex** is a **Message object**.

When the server receives multiple requests to open the same Message object, it returns a different **handle** and maintains a separate transaction for each.

#### 2.2.3.1.1 Request Buffer

The syntax of the **RopOpenMessage** request buffer is specified in [MS-OXCROPS].

The fields specified in the following sub-sections are part of the **RopOpenMessage** request buffer.

##### 2.2.3.1.1.1 CodePageId

2 **BYTE**s specifying the **code page** in which the non-**Unicode** representation of the strings on this Message object are encoded. A value of `0x0FFF` means that the code page of the Logon object is used.

##### 2.2.3.1.1.2 FolderId

8 **BYTE**s containing the FID of the folder from which the message is to be opened.

##### 2.2.3.1.1.3 OpenModeFlag

1 **BYTE**; MUST be one of the following:

Name	Value	Meaning
ReadOnly	<code>0x00</code>	Message will be opened as read only.
ReadWrite	<code>0x01</code>	Message will be opened for both reading and writing.
BestAccess	<code>0x03</code>	Open for read/write if possible, read-only if not.
OpenSoftDeleted	<code>0x04</code>	Open a <b>Soft-Deleted</b> Message object if available.

##### 2.2.3.1.1.4 MessageId

8 **BYTE**s containing the MID for the Message object to open.

#### 2.2.3.1.2 Response Buffer

The syntax of the **RopOpenMessage** response buffer is specified in the [MS-OXCROPS].

The fields specified in the following sub-sections are part of the **RopOpenMessage** response buffer.

##### 2.2.3.1.2.1 HasNamedProperties

## 1 BYTE:

Value	Meaning
0x00	No <b>named properties</b> are included in the <b>ROP Response Buffer</b> .
non-zero	Named properties are included.

### 2.2.3.1.2.2 SubjectPrefix

A **TypedString** structure specifying the prefix for the subject of the Message object; **MUST** be the value of the **PidTagSubjectPrefix** property.

### 2.2.3.1.2.3 NormalizedSubject

A **TypedString** structure specifying the normalized subject of the Message object. **MUST** be the value of the **PidTagNormalizedSubject** property.

### 2.2.3.1.2.4 RecipientCount

A 2-BYTE unsigned **integer** containing the number of recipients associated with the Message object.

### 2.2.3.1.2.5 ColumnCount

A 2-BYTE unsigned integer containing the number of elements in the **RecipientColumns** field.

### 2.2.3.1.2.6 RecipientColumns

An array of **PropertyTag** structures with **ColumnCount** elements. Each element is valid for a Recipient as specified in [MS-OXPROPS].

### 2.2.3.1.2.7 RowCount

A 1-BYTE unsigned integer containing the number of rows in the **RecipientRows** field. The value **MUST** be less than or equal to **RecipientCount**.

### 2.2.3.1.2.8 RecipientRows

An array of **OpenRecipientRow** structures with **RowCount** elements.

Element	Type	Size in BYTES	Description
Recipient Type	Byte	1	See <b>Recipient Type</b> , below.
CodePageId	Integer	2	The <b>code page</b> in which the non- <b>Unicode</b> representation of the strings in the Recipient Data are encoded.
Reserved	Integer	2	<b>MUST</b> be 0x0000
RecipientRowSize	Integer	2	The total number of bytes in the following <b>RecipientRow</b> .

Element	Type	Size in BYTES	Description
RecipientRow	RecipientRow	RecipientRowSize	See [MS-OXCDATA].

A Recipient Type is a bitwise OR of one value from the Types table with zero or more values from the Flags table.

Types:

Value	Description
0x00	The originator of this Message object.
0x01	<b>Primary recipient.</b>
0x02	<b>CC recipient.</b>
0x03	<b>BCC recipient.</b>

Flags:

Value	Description
0x10	When resending a previous failure this flag indicates that this recipient did not successfully receive the message on the previous attempt.
0x80	When resending a previous failure this flag indicates that this recipient did successfully receive the message on the previous attempt.

### 2.2.3.2 RopCreateMessage Buffer Format

**RopCreateMessage** is used to create a new Message object.

For this ROP, the **InputHandleIndex** is a Folder or Logon object and the **OutputHandleIndex** is a Message object.

#### 2.2.3.2.1 Request Buffer

The syntax of the **RopCreateMessage** request buffer is specified in the [MS-OXCROPS].

The fields specified in the following sub-sections are part of the **RopCreateMessage** request buffer.

##### 2.2.3.2.1.1 CodePageId

2 **BYTES** specifying the code page that the non-Unicode representation of the strings on this Message object are to be encoded; a value of 0x0FFF means that the code page of the Logon object is used.

##### 2.2.3.2.1.2 FolderId

8 **BYTES** containing the **FID** for the Folder object in which the Message object is to be created.

##### 2.2.3.2.1.3 AssociatedFlag

1 **BYTE**:

Value	Meaning
-------	---------

Value	Meaning
0x00	Not an FAI Message
non-zero	Is an FAI Message

### 2.2.3.2.2 Response Buffer

The syntax of the **RopCreateMessage** response buffer is specified in the [MS-OXCROPS].

The fields specified in the following sub-sections are part of the **RopCreateMessage** response buffer.

#### 2.2.3.2.2.1 HasMessageId

1 **BYTE**:

Value	Meaning
0x00	This is the last <b>BYTE</b> in the buffer.
non-zero	MessageId follows beginning with the next <b>BYTE</b> in the buffer.

#### 2.2.3.2.2.2 MessageId

8 **BYTE**s containing the MID for the newly created Message object;

### 2.2.3.3 RopSaveChangesMessage Buffer Format

**RopSaveChangesMessage** commits the changes made to the Message object.

For this ROP, the **ResponseHandleIndex** is the containing Folder object and the **InputHandleIndex** is a Message object.

When the server receives multiple requests to open the same Message object, it returns a different handle and maintains a separate transaction for each. Any changes made on one transaction **MUST NOT** be visible to another transaction until the changes are committed via **RopSaveChangesMessage**. Once a transaction on one **handle** has been committed, the server **MUST** return **ecObjectModified** for **RopSaveChangesMessage** requests on other handles and **MUST NOT** allow those transactions to be committed, unless the client instructs the server to override previous changes with the **ForceSave** flag from Section 2.2.3.3.1.1.

#### 2.2.3.3.1 Request Buffer

The syntax of the **RopSaveChangesMessage** request buffer is specified in the [MS-OXCROPS].

The fields specified in the following sub-sections are part of the **RopSaveChangesMessage** request buffer.

##### 2.2.3.3.1.1 SaveFlags

1 **BYTE** indicating the server save behavior; **MUST** be one value from the following table.

#### SaveType

Name	Value	Description
KeepOpenReadOnly	0x09	The client requests that the server commit the changes. The

Name	Value	Description
		server MUST either return an error and leave the Message object open with unchanged access level, or return a success code and keep the Message object open with read only access.
KeepOpenReadWrite	0x0A	The client requests that the server commit the changes. The server MUST either return an error and leave the Message object open with unchanged access level, or return a success code and keep the Message object open with read/write access.
ForceSave	0x0C	The client requests that the server commit the changes. The server MUST either return an error and leave the Message object open with unchanged access level, or return a success code and keep the Message object open with read/write access. The <b>ecObjectModified</b> error code is not valid when this flag is set: the server overwrites any changes instead.

#### 2.2.3.3.2 Response Buffer

The syntax of the **RopSaveChangesMessage** response buffer is specified in the [MS-OXCROPS].

The fields specified in the following sub-sections are part of the **RopSaveChangesMessage** response buffer.

##### 2.2.3.3.2.1 Message Id

8 **BYTES** containing the MID for the saved Message object.

#### 2.2.3.4 RopRemoveAllRecipients Buffer Format

The client sends the **RopRemoveAllRecipients** request to delete all recipients from a message.

For this ROP the **InputHandleIndex** is a Message object.

##### 2.2.3.4.1 Request Buffer

The syntax of the **RopRemoveAllRecipients** request buffer is specified in [MS-OXCROPS].

The fields specified in the following sub-sections are part of the **RopRemoveAllRecipients** request buffer.

###### 2.2.3.4.1.1 Reserved

4 **BYTES**; unspecified value.

##### 2.2.3.4.2 Response Buffer

The syntax of the **RopRemoveAllRecipients** response buffer is specified in [MS-OXCROPS].

This protocol adds no additional field information to the **RopRemoveAllRecipients** response buffer.

### 2.2.3.5 RopModifyRecipients Buffer Format

**RopModifyRecipients** modifies recipients associated with the Message object.

For this ROP the **InputHandleIndex** is a Message object.

#### 2.2.3.5.1 Request Buffer

The syntax of the **RopModifyRecipients** request buffer is specified in [MS-OXCROPS].

The fields specified in the following sub-sections are part of the **RopModifyRecipients** request buffer.

##### 2.2.3.5.1.1 ColumnCount

2 BYTEs containing the number of elements in the **RecipientColumns** field. MUST be greater than or equal to 0x0000 and less than 0x7FEF.

##### 2.2.3.5.1.2 RecipientColumns

An array of **PropertyTag** structures with **ColumnCount** elements. Each element is valid for a Recipient as specified in [MS-OXPROPS]. The client MUST NOT include property tags for any properties that are part of an unextended **RecipientRow** (see [MS-OXCADATA]):

PidTagAddressType	PidTagDisplayName
PidTagEmailAddress	PidTagEntryId
PidTagInstanceKey	PidTagRecipientType
PidTagSearchKey	PidTagSendRichInfo
PidTagTransmittableDisplayName	

##### 2.2.3.5.1.3 RowCount

2 BYTEs containing the number of elements in the **RecipientRows** field. MUST be greater than or equal to 0x0000 and less than 0x7FEF.

##### 2.2.3.5.1.4 RecipientRows

An array of **ModifyRecipientRow** structures with **RowCount** elements.

Element	Type	Size in BYTES	Description
RowId	Integer	4	Row Identifier
RecipientType	Byte	1	See Recipient Type in Section 2.2.3.1.2.8
RecipientRowSize	Integer	2	The total number of bytes in the <b>RecipientRow</b> that follows.
RecipientRow	RecipientRow	RecipientRowSize	See [MS-OXCADATA].

#### 2.2.3.5.2 Response Buffer

The syntax of the **RopModifyRecipients** response buffer is specified in [MS-OXCROPS].

This protocol adds no additional field information to the **RopModifyRecipients** response buffer.

### 2.2.3.6 RopReadRecipients Buffer Format

**RopReadRecipients** retrieves the recipients associated with the Message object.

For this ROP, the **InputHandleIndex** is a Message object.

#### 2.2.3.6.1 Request Buffer

The syntax of the **RopReadRecipients** request buffer is specified in [MS-OXCROPS].

The fields specified in the following sub-sections are part of the **RopReadRecipients** request buffer.

##### 2.2.3.6.1.1 RowId

4 **BYTE**s containing the starting index for the recipients to be retrieved.

##### 2.2.3.6.1.2 Reserved

2 **BYTE**s; **MUST** be 0x0000.

#### 2.2.3.6.2 Response Buffer

The syntax of the **RopReadRecipients** response buffer is specified in [MS-OXCROPS].

The fields specified in the following sub-sections are part of the **RopReadRecipients** response buffer.

##### 2.2.3.6.2.1 RowCount

2 **BYTE**s containing the number of elements in the **RecipientRows** field. **MUST** be greater than or equal to 0x0000 and less than 0x7FEF.

##### 2.2.3.6.2.2 RecipientRows

An array of ReadRecipientRow structures with RowCount elements.

Element	Type	Size	Description
RowId	Integer	4	Index into the recipient list
Recipient Type	Byte	1	See Recipient Type in Section 2.2.3.1.2.8
CodePageId	Integer	2	The code page that the non-Unicode representation of the strings in the <b>Recipient Data</b> are encoded.
Reserved	n/a	2	<b>MUST</b> be 0x0000
RecipientRowSize	Integer	2	The total number of bytes in the

Element	Type	Size	Description
			<b>RecipientRow.</b>
RecipientRow	RecipientRow	RecipientRowSize	See [MS-OXCDATA].

### 2.2.3.7 RopReloadCachedInformation Buffer Format

**RopReloadCachedInformation** retrieves the same information as **RopOpenMessage** but operates on an already opened Message object.

For this ROP the **InputHandleIndex** is a Message object.

#### 2.2.3.7.1 Request Buffer

The syntax of the **RopReloadCachedInformation** request buffer is specified in [MS-OXCROPS].

The fields specified in the following sub-sections are part of the **RopReloadCachedInformation** request buffer.

##### 2.2.3.7.1.1 Reserved

2 BYTES; MUST be 0x0000.

##### 2.2.3.7.2 Response Buffer

The response buffer for **RopReloadCachedInformation** is identical to the response buffer for **RopOpenMessage**.

### 2.2.3.8 RopSetMessageStatus Buffer Format

**RopSetMessageStatus** sets **PidTagMessageStatus** on a message in a folder without the need to open or save the Message object.

For this ROP the **InputHandleIndex** is a Folder object.

#### 2.2.3.8.1 Request Buffer

The syntax of the **RopSetMessageStatus** request buffer is specified in [MS-OXCROPS].

The fields specified in the following sub-sections are part of the **RopSetMessageStatus** request buffer.

##### 2.2.3.8.1.1 MessageId

8 BYTES containing the **MID** for the Message object to modify.

##### 2.2.3.8.1.2 MessageStatusFlags

4 BYTES indicating which flags to set on the Message object. MUST contain a bitwise OR of zero or more values from following table.

Type	Value	Description
------	-------	-------------

Type	Value	Description
msRemoteDownload	0x00001000	The message has been marked for downloading from the remote message store to the local client.
msRemoteDelete	0x00002000	The message has been marked for deletion at the remote message store without downloading to the local client.

#### 2.2.3.8.1.3 MessageStatusMask

4 **BYTEs** indicating which status flags are to be set and which are to be cleared. **MUST** contain a bitwise OR of zero or more values from table in section 2.2.3.8.1.2. The server sets all flags that are set in both **MessageStatusMask** and **MessageStatusFlags**, and clears all flags that are set in **MessageStatusMask** but clear in **MessageStatusFlags**.

#### 2.2.3.8.2 Response Buffer

The syntax of the **RopSetMessageStatus** response buffer is specified in [MS-OXCROPS].

The fields specified in the following sub-sections are part of the **RopSetMessageStatus** response buffer.

##### 2.2.3.8.2.1 MessageStatusFlags

4 **BYTEs** indicating the status flags that were set on the Message object prior to processing this request. **MUST** contain a bitwise OR of zero or more values from the table in Section 2.2.3.8.1.2

#### 2.2.3.9 RopGetMessageStatus Buffer Format

**RopGetMessageStatus** gets the message status of a message in a folder.

For this ROP the **InputHandleIndex** is a Folder object.

##### 2.2.3.9.1 Request Buffer

The syntax of the **RopGetMessageStatus** request buffer is specified in [MS-OXCROPS].

The fields specified in the following sub-sections are part of the **RopGetMessageStatus** request buffer.

###### 2.2.3.9.1.1 MessageId

8 **BYTEs** containing the MID for the Message object in which to operate.

##### 2.2.3.9.2 Response Buffer

The syntax of the **RopGetMessageStatus** response buffer is specified in [MS-OXCROPS].

The fields specified in the following sub-sections are part of the **RopSetMessageStatus** response buffer.

###### 2.2.3.9.2.1 MessageStatusFlags

4 **BYTE**s indicating the status of the Message object. MUST contain a bitwise OR of zero or more values from the table in Section 2.2.3.8.1.2

### 2.2.3.10 RopSetReadFlags Buffer Format

**RopSetReadFlags** changes the state of the **PidTagMessageFlags** property on one or more Message objects within a Folder object. It also triggers the sending of **read receipts**, as specified in [MS-OXOMSG].

For this ROP the **InputHandleIndex** is a **Folder object**.

#### 2.2.3.10.1 Request Buffer

The syntax of the **RopSetReadFlags** request buffer is specified in [MS-OXCROPS].

The fields specified in the following sub-sections are part of the **RopSetReadFlags** request buffer.

##### 2.2.3.10.1.1 WantAsynchronous

1 **BYTE** indicating whether client is prepared for the **RopSetReadFlags** request to be processed asynchronously with status reported via **RopProgress**;

If the value is non-zero, the server SHOULD return a **RopAsyncProgress** response, but MAY return a **RopSetReadFlags** response instead. For more details on the asynchronous behavior of ROPs see [MS-OXCROPS].

##### 2.2.3.10.1.2 ReadFlags

1 **BYTE** containing a bitwise OR of zero or more values from the following table. The server modifies bits on the **PidTagMessageFlags** property.

Name	Value	Description
rfSuppressReceipt	0x01	The user requests that any pending read report be canceled; Server sets <b>mfRead</b> bit.
rfReserved	0x0A	Ignored by the server.
rfClearReadFlag	0x04	Server clears the <b>mfRead</b> bit; Client MUST include <b>rfSuppressReceipt</b> with this flag.
rfGenerateReceiptOnly	0x10	The server sends a read report if one is pending, but does not change the <b>mfRead</b> bit.
rfClearNotifyRead	0x20	The server clears the <b>mfNotifyRead</b> bit, but does not send a read report.
rfClearNotifyUnread	0x40	The server clears the <b>mfNotifyUnread</b> bit, but does not send a non-read report.

##### 2.2.3.10.1.3 MessageId Count

2 **BYTE**s containing the number of elements in the **MessageIds** field.

##### 2.2.3.10.1.4 MessageIds

An array of MIDs with **MessageIdCount** elements.

#### 2.2.3.10.2 Response Buffer

The syntax of the **RopSetReadFlags** response buffer is specified in [MS-OXCROPS].

The fields specified in the following sub-sections are part of the **RopSetReadFlags** response buffer.

##### 2.2.3.10.2.1 PartialCompletion

1 **BYTE** indicating the server was unable to modify one or more of the Message objects represented in the **MessageIds** field.

##### 2.2.3.11 RopSetMessageReadFlag

**RopSetMessageReadFlag** changes the state of the **PidTagMessageFlags** property for the Message object. It also triggers the sending of **read receipts**, as specified in [MS-OXOMSG].

In this section, “in public folder mode” means that the logon associated with the **Logon Id** from the request was created with the **Private** flag unset (see [MS-OXCSTOR] for more information).

For this ROP the **ResponseHandleIndex** is a Folder object and the **InputHandleIndex** is a Message object.

##### 2.2.3.11.1 Request Buffer

The syntax of the **RopSetMessageReadFlag** request buffer is specified in [MS-OXCROPS].

The fields specified in the following sub-sections are part of the **RopSetMessageReadFlag** request buffer.

###### 2.2.3.11.1.1 ReadFlags

1 **BYTE** containing a bitwise OR of one or more values from the table in Section 2.2.3.10.1.2

###### 2.2.3.11.1.2 ClientData

24 **BYTEs** containing a **LongTermID** (see [MS-OXCDATA]) for the user that is making the ROP request when in public folder mode; 0 **BYTEs** otherwise.

##### 2.2.3.11.2 Response Buffer

The syntax of the **RopSetMessageReadFlag** response buffer is specified in [MS-OXCROPS].

The fields specified in the following sub-sections are part of the **RopSetMessageReadFlag** response buffer.

###### 2.2.3.11.2.1 ReadStatusChanged

1 **BYTE**:

Value	Description
0x00	The read status on the Message object was unchanged or the logon is not in public folder mode.
non-zero	The read status on the Message object changed and the logon is in public folder mode.

#### 2.2.3.11.2.2 LogonId

1 **BYTE**; containing the **Logon Id** from the request when the value in **ReadStatusChanged** is non-zero; 0 **BYTES** otherwise.

#### 2.2.3.11.2.3 ClientData

24 **BYTES**; containing the **ClientData** from the request when the value in **ReadStatusChanged** is non-zero; 0 **BYTES** otherwise.

#### 2.2.3.12 RopOpenAttachment

**RopOpenAttachment** opens an Attachment object stored on the Message object.

For this ROP the **InputHandleIndex** is a Message object and the **OutputHandleIndex** is an Attachment object.

##### 2.2.3.12.1 Request Buffer

The syntax of the **RopOpenAttachment** request buffer is specified in [MS-OXCROPS].

The fields specified in the following sub-sections are part of the **RopOpenAttachment** request buffer.

##### 2.2.3.12.1.1 OpenAttachmentFlags

1 **BYTE** containing one of the following values:

Name	Value	Meaning
ReadOnly	0x00	Message will be opened as read only.
ReadWrite	0x01	Message will be opened for both reading and writing.
BestAccess	0x03	Open for read/write if possible, read-only if not.

##### 2.2.3.12.1.2 AttachmentID

4 **BYTES** containing the ID of the Attachment object to be opened. See **PidTagAttachNumber**.

##### 2.2.3.12.2 Response Buffer

The syntax of the **RopOpenAttachment** response buffer is specified in [MS-OXCROPS].

This protocol adds no additional field information to the **RopOpenAttachment** response buffer.

### 2.2.3.13 **RopCreateAttachment**

**RopCreateAttachment** creates a new Attachment object on the Message object.

For this ROP the **InputHandleIndex** is a Message object and the **OutputHandleIndex** is an Attachment object.

#### 2.2.3.13.1 **Request Buffer**

The syntax of the **RopCreateAttachment** request buffer is specified in [MS-OXCROPS].

This protocol adds no additional field information to the **RopCreateAttachment** request buffer.

#### 2.2.3.13.2 **Response Buffer**

The syntax of the **RopCreateAttachment** response buffer is specified in [MS-OXCROPS].

The fields specified in the following sub-sections are part of the **RopCreateAttachment** response buffer.

##### 2.2.3.13.2.1 **AttachmentID**

4 BYTEs containing the ID for the Attachment object that was created. See **PidTagAttachNumber**.

### 2.2.3.14 **RopDeleteAttachment**

**RopDeleteAttachment** deletes an existing Attachment object from the Message object.

For this ROP, the **InputHandleIndex** is a Message object.

#### 2.2.3.14.1 **Request Buffer**

The syntax of the **RopDeleteAttachment** request buffer is specified in [MS-OXCROPS].

The fields specified in the following sub-sections are part of the **RopDeleteAttachment** request buffer.

##### 2.2.3.14.1.1 **AttachmentID**

4 BYTEs containing the ID of the Attachment object to be deleted. See **PidTagAttachNumber**.

#### 2.2.3.14.2 **Response Buffer**

The syntax of the **RopDeleteAttachment** response buffer is specified in [MS-OXCROPS].

This protocol adds no additional field information to the **RopDeleteAttachment** response buffer.

### 2.2.3.15 **RopSaveChangesAttachment Buffer Format**

**RopSaveChangesAttachment** commits the changes made to the Attachment object.

For this ROP, the **ResponseHandleIndex** is the containing Message object and **InputHandleIndex** is an Attachment object.

#### 2.2.3.15.1 Request Buffer

The syntax of the **RopSaveChangesAttachment** request buffer is specified in [MS-OXCROPS].

The fields specified in the following sub-sections are part of the **RopSaveChangesAttachment** request buffer.

##### 2.2.3.15.1.1 SaveFlags

See [Section 2.2.3.3.1.1 SaveFlags]

##### 2.2.3.15.1.2 Response Buffer

The syntax of the **RopSaveAttachmentChanges** response buffer is specified in [MS-OXCROPS].

This protocol adds no additional field information to the **RopSaveAttachmentChanges** response buffer.

#### 2.2.3.16 RopOpenEmbeddedMessage Buffer Format

**RopOpenEmbeddedMessage** retrieves a handle to a Message object from the given Attachment object.

For this ROP the **InputHandleIndex** is an Attachment object and the **OutputHandleIndex** is a Message object.

##### 2.2.3.16.1 Request Buffer

The syntax of the **RopOpenEmbeddedMessage** request buffer is specified in [MS-OXCROPS]. The fields specified in the following sub-sections are part of the **RopOpenEmbeddedMessage** request buffer.

##### 2.2.3.16.1.1 CodePageId

2 BYTEs specifying the code page in which the non-Unicode representation of the strings on this Message object MUST be encoded.

##### 2.2.3.16.1.2 OpenModeFlags

1 BYTE:

Name	Value	Meaning
ReadOnly	0x00	Message will be opened as read only.
ReadWrite	0x01	Message will be opened for both reading and writing.
Create	0x02	Create the attachment if it does not already exist and open the message for both reading and writing.

### 2.2.3.16.2 Response Buffer

The syntax of the **RopOpenEmbeddedMessage** response buffer is specified in [MS-OXCROPS].

The fields specified in the following sub-sections are part of the **RopOpenEmbeddedMessage** response buffer.

#### 2.2.3.16.2.1 MessageId

8 BYTES containing the MID for the Message object.

#### 2.2.3.16.2.2 HasNamedProperties

See [Section 2.2.3.1.2.1]

#### 2.2.3.16.2.3 Subject Prefix

See [Section 2.2.3.1.2.2]

#### 2.2.3.16.2.4 NormalizedSubject

See [Section 2.2.3.1.2.3]

#### 2.2.3.16.2.5 RecipientCount

See [Section 2.2.3.1.2.4]

#### 2.2.3.16.2.6 ColumnCount

See [Section 2.2.3.1.2.5]

#### 2.2.3.16.2.7 RecipientColumns

See [Section 2.2.3.1.2.6]

#### 2.2.3.16.2.8 RowCount

See [Section 2.2.3.1.2.7]

#### 2.2.3.16.2.9 RecipientRows

See [Section 2.2.3.1.2.8]

### 2.2.3.17 RopGetAttachmentTable Buffer Format

**RopGetAttachmentTable** retrieves a handle to a table object that represents the attachments stored on the Message object. See [MS-OXCTABL] for more information on table objects.

For this ROP the **InputHandleIndex** is a Message object and the **OutputHandleIndex** is a table object.

#### 2.2.3.17.1 Request Buffer

The syntax of the **RopGetAttachmentTable** request buffer is specified in [MS-OXCROPS].

The fields specified in the following sub-sections are part of the **RopGetAttachmentTable** request buffer.

#### 2.2.3.17.1.1 Table Flags

1 BYTE:

Name	Value	Description
Standard	0x00	Open the table.
Unicode	0x40	Open the table. Also requests that the columns containing string data be returned in Unicode format.

#### 2.2.3.17.2 Response Buffer

The syntax of the **RopGetAttachmentTable** response buffer is specified in [MS-OXCROPS].

This protocol adds no additional field information to the **RopGetAttachmentTable** response buffer.

## 3 Protocol Details

### 3.1 Client Details

#### 3.1.1 Abstract Data Model

This section describes a conceptual model of possible data organization that an implementation maintains to participate in this protocol. The described organization is provided to facilitate the explanation of how the protocol behaves. This document does not mandate that implementations adhere to this model as long as their external behavior is consistent with that described in this document.

##### 3.1.1.1 Linking a Contact Object

To link a **Contact object** with another **Message object**, the client sets the following properties. See section 2.2.1.20 for more details.

- PidLidContactLinkEntry
- PidLidContactLinkName
- PidLidContactLinkSearchKey
- PidLidContacts

#### 3.1.2 Timers

None.

#### 3.1.3 Initialization

None.

### 3.1.4 Higher-Layer Triggered Events

#### 3.1.4.1 Opening a Message Object

When a higher layer needs to obtain a handle to an existing Message object the client sends a **RopOpenMessage** request. In order to send this request, the client first obtains the **MID** for the Message object to be opened, and either the **FID** or the **Logon ID**. The MID is accessible from the **contents table** of the Folder object that contains the Message object by including **PidTagMid** in a **RopSetColumns** request. For more details, see [MS-OXCTABL].

To open a **soft deleted** Message object, the client **MUST** include **OpenSoftDeleted** in the **OpenModeFlag** field.

When the client receives the response buffer, it caches the data from the **NormalizedSubject** and **SubjectPrefix** fields; it also updates the cache when issuing **RopSetProperties** for **PidTagNormalizedSubject** and **PidTagSubjectPrefix** and uses the cached values.

The client uses the opened Message object in subsequent **ROPs**; it **MUST** eventually send a **RopRelease** request on the Message object, and after doing so, **MUST NOT** use the Message object for any subsequent **ROPs**.

The client is responsible for maintaining the privacy of the properties on the Message object when **PidLidPrivate** is set to **0x01**.

#### 3.1.4.2 Creating a Message Object

When a higher layer needs to create a new Message object, the client sends a **RopCreateMessage** request. The client sends a **RopSaveChangesMessage** request to commit the new Message object, and uses the opened Message object in subsequent **ROPs**. It **MUST** eventually send a **RopRelease** request on the Message object and after doing so **MUST NOT** use the Message object for any subsequent **ROPs**.

#### 3.1.4.3 Saving Message Object Changes

When a higher layer wants to save all the changes to a Message object, the client sends a **RopSaveChangesMessage** request.

The client controls the access level of the Message object handle after saving changes by setting the proper flags as specified in [Section 2.2.3.3.1.1].

#### 3.1.4.4 Removing All Recipients

When a higher layer wants to clear all recipients from a Message object, the client sends a **RopRemoveAllRecipients** request.

The client sends a **RopSaveChangesMessage** for the Message object associated with the removed recipients in order to commit the changes.

#### 3.1.4.5 Adding, Deleting, and Modifying Recipients

When a higher layer wants to modify recipients of the Message object, the client sends a **RopModifyRecipients** request.

To modify an existing recipient the client sets the **RowId** field to the **RowId** of the recipient to be modified and sets all of the **ModifyRecipientRow** data to the desired values for that recipient, including any additional property information for the recipients. Additional property information is set by adding **PropertyTag** values to the **RecipientColumns** field and including the property values in the **RecipientProperties** field.

To delete an existing recipient the client sets the **RowId** field to the **RowId** of the recipient to be deleted and sets the **RecipientRowSize** field to  $0 \times 0000$ .

To add a new recipient the client sets the **RowId** field to a value greater than the largest **RowId** for any recipient that already exists on the Message object. The client sets all of the **ModifyRecipientRow** data to the desired values for that recipient, including any additional property information.

The client sends a **RopSaveChangesMessage** for the Message object associated with the added recipients in order to commit the changes.

#### 3.1.4.6 Reading Recipients

When a higher layer want a list of all recipients on the Message object, the client sends a **RopReadRecipients** request.

If the count of recipients and the count of recipient rows in the **RopOpenMessage** response buffer are the same, then the client uses the **RecipientRow** information from **RopOpenMessage** instead of sending a **RopReadRecipients** request. If the counts are not equal then the response buffers for a series of **RopReadRecipients** contain all the recipients associated with the Message object including those returned in the **RopOpenMessage** response buffer.

A client accesses the information for all recipients in the message by setting the **RowId** field to  $0 \times 0000$ , and then iteratively sending **RopReadRecipients** with an increasing **RowId** value to obtain the recipients that did not fit in the previous request.

#### 3.1.4.7 Reload Message Object Header Info

When a higher layer wants to retrieve the current state of the data returned in **RopOpenMessage** then the client sends a **RopReloadCachedInformation** request.

#### 3.1.4.8 Setting Message Status

When a higher layer is working with a header Message object and wants to change its status, (mark or unmark the header Message object for download or delete), the client sends a **RopSetMessageStatus** request.

To modify the status of a header Message object:

1. Obtain the message's MID, see [Section 3.1.4.1]

2. Send the **RopSetMessageStatus** request, setting the mask and status appropriately.

#### 3.1.4.9 Getting Message Status

When a higher layer is working with a header Message object and wants to check its status, the client sends a **RopGetMessageStatus** request.

To retrieve the status of a header Message object:

1. Obtain the message's MID, see [Section 3.1.4.1]
2. Send the **RopGetMessageStatus** request; if the request succeeds then the header Message object's **PidTagMessageStatus** value is returned in the response buffer.

#### 3.1.4.10 Setting Message Object Read State

When a higher layer wants to mark one or more Message objects as read or unread without opening the Message objects, the client sends a **RopSetReadFlags** request. The client obtains a list of MIDs using a **contents table**; see [Section 3.1.4.1], and uses the list of MIDs in the **RopSetReadFlags** request.

When a higher layer wants to mark or unmark a single opened Message object as read, the client sends a **RopSetMessageReadFlag** request.

The client controls whether the Message object is marked as read or unread, as well as the sending of read receipts by setting the appropriate flags as specified in [Section 2.2.3.10.1.2].

#### 3.1.4.11 Opening Attachments

When a higher layer wants to open and manipulate an existing Attachment object to a Message object, the client sends a **RopOpenAttachment** request.

The client MUST use a valid **AttachmentID** [Section 2.2.3.12.1.2] when requesting to open an attachment. See section 3.1.4.16.

The client uses the opened Attachment object in subsequent ROPs. It MUST eventually send a **RopRelease** request on the Attachment object and after doing so, MUST NOT use the Attachment object for any subsequent ROPs.

#### 3.1.4.12 Creating Attachments

When a higher layer wants to add a new Attachment object to a Message object, the client sends a **RopCreateAttachment** request.

The client sends a **RopSaveChangesAttachment** request to commit the new Attachment object, and uses the newly created Attachment object in subsequent ROPs. The client MUST eventually send a **RopRelease** request on the Attachment object and after doing so, MUST NOT use the Attachment object for any subsequent ROPs.

The client sends a **RopSaveChangesMessage** request to commit the Attachment object change to the Message object.

#### 3.1.4.13 Setting Attachment Object Content

When a higher layer wants to add the contents of a file to an Attachment object, the client sends a **RopSetProperties** request as specified in [MS-OXCPRPT].

Depending on the type of Attachment object the higher layer intends to use, the client sets the appropriate value for **PidTagAttachMethod** and sets the properties as specified in [Section 2.2.2].

The client sends a **RopSaveChangesAttachment** request to commit the change to the Attachment object and a **RopSaveChangesMessage** request to commit the Attachment object change to the Message object.

#### 3.1.4.14 Saving Attachment Object Changes

When a higher layer wants to save changes to an Attachment object, the client sends a **RopSaveChangesAttachment** request. It sends a **RopSaveChangesMessage** request to commit the Attachment object changes to the Message object.

#### 3.1.4.15 Opening an Embedded Message Object

When a higher layer wants to open an existing Attachment object and access and manipulate it as if it were a Message object, the client sends a **RopOpenEmbeddedMessage** request.

The client uses the opened Message object in subsequent ROPs; it MUST eventually send a **RopRelease** request on the Message object and after doing so, MUST NOT use the Message object for any subsequent ROPs.

#### 3.1.4.16 Accessing the Attachments Table

When a higher layer wants to retrieve information about all Attachment objects associated with a Message object without opening each Attachment object, the client sends a **RopGetAttachmentTable** request.

The server returns a table of properties for each Attachment object associated with the Message object as specified in [MS-OXCTBL]. To retrieve the **AttachmentID**, the client includes **PidTagAttachNumber** when sending a **RopSetColumns** request.

### 3.1.5 Message Processing Events and Sequencing Rules

None.

#### 3.1.6 Timer Events

None.

#### 3.1.7 Other Local Events

None.

## 3.2 Server Details

### 3.2.1 Abstract Data Model

None.

### 3.2.2 Timers

None.

### 3.2.3 Initialization

None.

### 3.2.4 Higher-Layer Triggered Events

#### 3.2.4.1 RopOpenMessage

Provides access to existing Message objects stored by the server. The Message object returned by this ROP is used in subsequent ROPs, such as **RopGetPropertiesSpecific**. See specific ROPs for information of which operate on Message objects [MS-OXCROPS].

**RopOpenMessage** MUST NOT succeed if a Message object with the specified ID does not exist or the client has insufficient access rights to view the Message object.

If the **OpenMode** field includes **OpenSoftDeleted**, then **RopOpenMessage** provides access to all Message objects, including soft deleted Message objects. If **OpenSoftDeleted** is not included, then the server MUST NOT provide access to soft deleted Message objects.

The response field **RecipientCount** indicates the current number of recipients in the message. In addition, the server returns data for as many recipients as will fit in the response buffer, in order of **RowId** value. The data for each recipient is encoded as an **OpenRecipientRow** structure in the **RecipientRows** field. The response field **RowCount** indicates how many recipients are present in **RecipientRows**.

The following are specific error codes which apply to this ROP.

Name	Value	Meaning
ecNotFound	0x8004010F	The MID does not correspond to a message in the database. The user does not have rights to the message. The message is soft deleted and the caller has not specified the <b>OpenSoftDeleted</b> flag as part of the <b>OpenMode</b> field.
ecNotSupported	0x80040102	The <b>InputHandleIndex</b> on which this ROP was called does not refer to a folder or logon object.

### 3.2.4.2 RopCreateMessage

Creates a new Message object on the server and provides access to it by returning a Message object handle for use in subsequent ROPs. The server MUST NOT commit the new Message object until it receives a **RopSaveChangesMessage** request.

The server MUST initialize the following properties before responding.

Property Name	Initial Data
PidTagImportance	0x00000001
PidTagMessageClass	"IPM.Note"
PidTagSensitivity	0x00000000
PidTagDisplayBcc	""
PidTagDisplayCc	""
PidTagDisplayTo	""
PidTagMessageFlags	0x00000009
PidTagMessageSize	Calculated based on the data
PidTagHasAttachments	0x00
PidTagSecurityDescriptor	See PidTagSecurityDescriptor
PidTagUrlCompNameSet	0x00
PidTagTrustSender	0x00000001
PidTagAccess	0x00000003
PidTagAccessLevel	0x00000001
PidTagUrlCompName	"No Subject.EML"
PidTagCreationTime	Time RopCreateMessage was processed
PidTagLastModificationTime	Same as PidTagCreationTime
PidTagSearchKey	Server generated SearchKey.
PidTagMessageLocaleId	The logon object Locale ID.
PidTagCreatorName	Name of the creator.
PidTagCreatorEntryId	Address Book EntryID of the creator
PidTagLastModifierName	Same as PidTagCreatorName
PidTagLastModifierEntryId	Same as PidTagCreatorEntryId
PidTagHasNamedProperties	0x00
PidTagLocaleId	Same as PidTagMessageLocaleId
PidTagLocalCommitTime	Same as PidTagCreationTime

The following specific error code applies to this ROP.

Name	Value	Meaning
ecAccessDenied	0x80000009	The user does not have permissions to create this message.

### 3.2.4.3 RopSaveChangesMessage

Commits the changes made to a Message object on the server. The status of the Message object after the commit is determined by the value of the **SaveFlags** as documented in [Section 2.2.3.3.1.1].

The response contains the message identifier of the committed message.

The following specific error code applies to this ROP.

Name	Value	Meaning
ecNotSupported	0x80040102	The values of the <b>SaveFlags</b> are not a supported combination as documented in [Section 2.2.3.3.1.1].
ecObjectModified	0x80040109	The underlying data for this Message object was changed through another transaction context.

### 3.2.4.4 RopRemoveAllRecipients

Removes all the recipients from a Message object.

The server ignores the value of Reserved.

Until the server receives a **RopSaveChangesMessage** request from the client, the server adheres to the following:

- The **RowIds** and associated data of removed recipients MUST NOT be returned as part of any subsequent handling of ROPs for the opened Message object.
- The changes made to the recipients MUST NOT be included in the response buffer returned for ROP requests that apply to recipients on Message object handles.

The following specific error code applies to this ROP.

Name	Value	Meaning
ecNotSupported	0x80000102	The <b>InputHandleIndex</b> on which this ROP was called does not refer to a Message object.

### 3.2.4.5 RopModifyRecipients

Modifies the recipients on a Message object according to the data in the request buffer. The format of the request buffer is specified in Section 2.2.3.5.1.

For each recipient provided the server locates its representation of the recipient based on **RowId**. If the recipient indicated by **RowId** does not exist then the server creates a new recipient with that **RowId** and applies the data from the request.

If the recipient currently exists on the Message object and the value of **RecipientRowSize** in the request buffer is non-zero, the server replaces all existing properties of the recipient with the property values supplied in the request. If the value of **RecipientRowSize** in the request buffer is 0x0000 then the server deletes the recipient from the Message object.

Until the server receives a **RopSaveChangesMessage** request from the client, the server adheres to the following:

- If a recipient was deleted, its **RowId** and associated data MUST NOT be returned as part of any subsequent handling of ROPs for the opened Message object.
- Any changes made to the recipients MUST be included in the response buffer for any subsequent ROP requests that apply to recipients for the same Message object handle.
- The changes made to the recipients MUST NOT be included in the response buffer returned for ROP requests that apply to recipients on different Message object handles.

The following specific error code applies to this ROP.

Name	Value	Meaning
ecNotSupported	0x80000102	The <b>InputHandleIndex</b> on which this ROP was called does not refer to a Message object.

#### 3.2.4.6 RopReadRecipients

Provides the recipient information for the Message object in a tabular form, where each row has information for a single recipient. **RopReadRecipients** is used to obtain information for all recipients in the Message object, regardless of the number of recipients on the message.

The server provides the recipient information starting with the recipient specified by the **RowId** field. If there is a recipient with the given **RowId**, the server provides the information for that recipient and as many recipients as possible, limited by the number of actual recipients in the message and the amount of recipient information that fits in the output buffer.

When **RowId** is 0x0000, the server chooses the first recipient in the message even if its **RowId** does not match. If the message does not have recipients, the server returns **ecNotFound**.

The following specific error codes apply to this ROP.

Name	Value	Meaning
ecNotFound	0x8004010F	Recipient row <b>RowId</b> does not exist on the message.
ecBufferTooSmall	0x0000047D	Unable to fit at least one recipient in the response buffer. See [MS-OXCROPS] for specific handling.
ecNotSupported	0x80000102	The <b>InputHandleIndex</b> on which this ROP was called does not refer to a Message object.

#### 3.2.4.7 RopReloadCachedInformation

Returns the same information as would be returned by **RopOpenMessage**, except that it is updated with the information that has been modified on the Message object.

The following specific error code applies to this ROP.

Name	Value	Meaning
ecNotSupported	0x80000102	The <b>InputHandleIndex</b> on which this ROP was called does not refer to a Message object.

#### 3.2.4.8 RopSetMessageStatus

Modifies the **PidTagMessageStatus** property of a single message.

The server modifies the bits on this property specified by the **MessageStatusMask**.

The server immediately commits the changes to the Message object as if the Message object had been opened and **RopSaveMessageChanges** had been called, except that it only changes **PidTagMessageStatus**, not **PidTagChangeKey**, **PidTagLastModificationTime**, or any other property that is normally modified during **RopSaveChangesMessage**.

The following specific error code applies to this ROP.

Name	Value	Meaning
ecNotSupported	0x80040102	The <b>InputHandleIndex</b> on which this ROP was called does not refer to a Folder object.

#### 3.2.4.9 RopGetMessageStatus

Provides the value of **PidTagMessageStatus** property of a single message; MUST NOT require the Message object to be opened.

The following specific error code applies to this ROP.

Name	Value	Meaning
ecNotSupported	0x80040102	The <b>InputHandleIndex</b> on which this ROP was called does not refer to a Folder object.

#### 3.2.4.10 RopSetReadFlags

Modifies the **PidTagMessageFlags** property of several messages.

The server immediately commits the changes to the Message objects as if the Message objects had been opened and **RopSaveMessageChanges** had been called, except that it only changes **PidTagMessageFlags**, not **PidTagChangeKey**, **PidTagLastModificationTime**, or any other property that is normally modified during **RopSaveChangesMessage**.

If the **WantAsynchronous** is non-zero, then the server MAY execute this ROP asynchronously. See **RopProgress** in [MS-OXCPRPT].

The following specific error code applies to this ROP.

Name	Value	Meaning
ecNotSupported	0x80040102	The <b>InputHandleIndex</b> on which this ROP was called does not refer to a Folder object.

#### 3.2.4.11 RopSetMessageReadFlag

Modifies the **PidTagMessageFlags** property of a single message.

The server immediately commits the changes to the Message object as if the Message object had been opened and **RopSaveMessageChanges** had been called, except that it only changes

**PidTagMessageFlags**, not **PidTagChangeKey**, **PidTagLastModificationTime**, or any other property that is normally modified during **RopSaveChangesMessage**.

The following specific error code applies to this ROP.

Name	Value	Meaning
ecNotSupported	0x80040102	The <b>InputHandleIndex</b> on which this ROP was called does not refer to a Message object.

#### 3.2.4.12 RopOpenAttachment

Provides access to a single existing Attachment object. The handle returned by this ROP is used in subsequent ROPs, such as **RopGetPropertiesSpecific**. See specific ROPs for information of which operate on Attachment objects [MS-OXCROPS].

The following specific error codes apply to this ROP.

Name	Value	Meaning
ecNotFound	0x8004010F	The <b>AttachmentID</b> does not correspond to an attachment on the Message object.
ecAccessDenied	0x80000009	The user has insufficient privileges.
ecNotSupported	0x80040102	The <b>InputHandleIndex</b> on which this ROP was called does not refer to a Message object.

#### 3.2.4.13 RopCreateAttachment

Creates a new Attachment object and provides a handle to it for use in subsequent ROPs. The server does not commit the new Attachment object until it receives a call to **RopSaveChangesAttachment**.

The server MUST initialize the following properties before responding.

Property Name	Initial Data
PidTagAttachNumber	Varies, depending on the number of existing attachments on the Message object.
PidTagAttachSize	0x00000000
PidTagAccessLevel	0x00000001
PidTagRenderingPosition	0x00000000
PidTagCreationTime	Time <b>RopCreateAttachment</b> was processed.
PidTagLastModificationTime	Same as <b>PidTagCreationTime</b>

The following specific error codes apply to this ROP.

Name	Value	Meaning
ecAccessDenied	0x80000009	The user does not have permissions to create an attachment on this message.
ecMaxAttachmentExceeded	0x000004db	The (server defined) maximum number of attachments for a message has been exceeded.

Name	Value	Meaning
ecNotSupported	0x80040102	The <b>InputHandleIndex</b> on which this ROP was called does not refer to a Message object.

#### 3.2.4.14 RopSaveChangesAttachment

Commits the changes made to an Attachment object. The status of the Attachment object after the commit is determined by the values of the **SaveFlags** as documented in [Section 2.2.3.3.1.1].

Although the server commits any pending changes to the Attachment object in the context of its containing Message object, the changes **MUST NOT** be committed to the database until **RopSaveChangesMessage** has been executed on the handle of the Message object.

The following specific error code applies to this ROP.

Name	Value	Meaning
ecNotSupported	0x80040102	The value of <b>SaveFlags</b> is not a supported combination as documented in [Section 2.2.3.3.1.1]. The <b>InputHandleIndex</b> on which this ROP was called does not refer to an Attachment object.

#### 3.2.4.15 RopDeleteAttachment

Removes an Attachment object from a message. The server recalculates **PidTagHasAttachments** during this ROP.

The following specific error codes apply to this ROP.

Name	Value	Meaning
ecNotFound	0x8004010F	The <b>AttachmentID</b> does not correspond to an attachment on the Message object.
ecAccessDenied	0x80000009	The user has insufficient privileges.
ecNotSupported	0x80040102	The <b>InputHandleIndex</b> on which this ROP was called does not refer to a Message object.

#### 3.2.4.16 RopOpenEmbeddedMessage

Provides access to an embedded Message object stored in an Attachment object. If the embedded Message object does not exist, the server creates one and initializes its properties as specified in section 3.2.4.2. The returned handle is used in subsequent ROPs (similar to the one returned by **RopOpenMessage**). The server **MUST NOT** commit the Message object to the containing Attachment object until **RopSaveChangesMessage** is called with the embedded Message object's handle.

The following specific error codes apply to this ROP.

Name	Value	Meaning
ecAccessDenied	0x80000009	The user does not have permission to open or create

Name	Value	Meaning
		this message.
ecNotSupported	0x80040102	The <b>InputHandleIndex</b> on which this ROP was called does not refer to an Attachment object.
ecUnknownCodepage	0x000003ef	The code page is unknown

### 3.2.4.17 RopGetAttachmentTable

Returns a handle to a table object for use in subsequent ROPs as specified in [MS-OXCTBL]. The table object returned allows access to the properties of Attachment objects.

The following specific error codes apply to this ROP.

Name	Value	Meaning
ecNotSupported	0x80040102	The <b>InputHandleIndex</b> on which this ROP was called does not refer to a Message object.
ecBusy	0x80040108	The server is too busy to complete the request.

## 4 Protocol Examples

A user creates a new HTML-format e-mail, sets its subject to “abc123sample” and its body to “This is a sample body text”. The user also adds two attachments: an HTML embedded image and a text file, adds a recipient, then saves and closes the message.

### 4.1 Create Message

The client first creates a new **Message object** by sending a **RopCreateMessage** request.

#### 4.1.1 RopCreateMessage Request Buffer

```
0000: 06 00 00 01 ff 0f 01 00-00 00 00 f0 79 93 00
```

RopId: 0x06

LogonIndex: 0x00

HandleIndex: 0x00

MessageHandleIndex: 0x01

CodePageId: 0x0FFF

FolderId: 01 00 00 00 00 f0 79 93

AssociatedFlag: 0x00

#### 4.1.2 RopCreateMessage Response Buffer

```
0000: 06 01 00 00 00 00 00
```

RopId: 0x06

HandleIndex: 0x01

ReturnValue: 0x00000000

HasMessageId: 0x00

## 4.2 Name to Id Mapping

Before manipulating named properties on Message objects, the client needs to ask the server to perform a mapping from the named properties to property identifiers, using **RopGetPropertyIdsFromNames** as specified in [MS-OXCPRPT].

## 4.3 Get Attachment Table

The client sends a **RopGetAttachmentTable** request to retrieve the attachment table for a Message object.

### 4.3.1 RopGetAttachmentTable Request Buffer

```
0000: 21 00 00 01 00
      RopId: 0x21
      LogonIndex: 0x00
      MessageHandleIndex: 0x00
      AttachmentHandleIndex: 0x01
      TableFlags: 0x00 (Standard)
```

### 4.3.2 RopGetAttachmentTable Response Buffer

```
0000: 21 01 00 00 00 00
      ROPId: 0x21
      HandleIndex: 0x01
      ReturnValue: 0x00000000
```

## 4.4 Insert HTML Embedded Image

The client first creates the Attachment object on the Message object, then sets its properties and commits the changes.

### 4.4.1 RopCreateAttachment Request Buffer

```
0000: 23 00 00 01
      RopId: 0x23
      LogonIndex: 0x00
      HandleIndex: 0x00
      AttachmentHandleIndex: 0x01
```

### 4.4.2 RopCreateAttachment Response Buffer

```
0000: 23 01 00 00 00 00 00 00-00 00
      RopId: 0x23
      HandleIndex: 0x01
      ReturnValue: 0x00000000
      AttachmentID: 0x00000000
```

### 4.4.3 Setting Properties

At this point the client uses **RopSetProperties** as specified in [MS-OXCPRPT] to set properties on the Attachment objects:

Property Tag	Property Name	Data
0x37050003	PidTagAttachMethod	0x00000001
0x370b0003	PidTagRenderingPosition	0xFFFFFFFF
0x7ffd0003	PidTagAttachmentFlags	0x00000008
0x3001001f	PidTagDisplayName	image001.png
0x3712001f	PidTagAttachContentId	image001.png@01C86E1C.F1954390
0x370e001f	PidTagAttachMimeType	image/png
0x7ffa0003	PidTagAttachmentLinkId	0x00000000
0x37140003	PidTagAttachFlags	0x00000004
0x7ffe000b	PidTagAttachmentHidden	0x01
0x3707001f	PidTagAttachLongFilename	image001.png
0x3704001f	PidTagAttachFilename	image001.png
0x3703001f	PidTagAttachExtension	.png

To set the contents of the embedded image, the client uses four ROPs. For more information, see [MS-OXCPRPT].

1. **RopOpenStream** with **PidTagAttachDataBinary**
2. **RopSetStreamSize** with the size of image file data
3. **RopWriteStream** request with the actual file contents
4. **RopRelease** for the **handle returned from RopOpenStream**.

### 4.4.4 RopSaveChangesAttachment Request Buffer

```
0000: 25 00 01 00 02
      RopId: 0x25
      LogonIndex: 0x00
      HandleIndex: 0x01
      AttachmentHandleIndex: 0x00
      SaveFlags: 0x02 (KeepOpenReadWrite)
```

### 4.4.5 RopSaveChangesAttachment Response Buffer

```
0000: 25 01 00 00 00 00
      RopId: 0x25
      HandleIndex: 0x01
      ReturnValue: 0x00000000
```

### 4.4.6 Releasing Attachment Object

Finally, the client releases the Attachment object by using **RopRelease**. See [MS-OXPRPT].

## 4.5 Attach Text File

The client first creates the Attachment object on the Message object, then sets its properties and commits the changes.

### 4.5.1 RopCreateAttachment Request Buffer

```
0000: 23 00 00 03
      RopId: 0x23
      LogonIndex: 0x00
      HandleIndex: 0x00
      AttachmentHandleIndex: 0x03
```

### 4.5.2 RopCreateAttachment Response Buffer

```
0000: 23 03 00 00 00 00 01 00-00 00
      RopId: 0x23
      HandleIndex: 0x03
      ReturnValue: 0x00000000
      AttachmentID: 0x00000001
```

### 4.5.3 Setting Properties

At this point the client uses **RopSetProperties** as specified in [MS-OXCPRPT] to set properties on the Attachment objects:

Property Tag	Property Name	Data
0x37050003	PidTagAttachMethod	0x00000001
0x370b0003	PidTagRenderingPosition	0xFFFFFFFF
0x7ffd0003	PidTagAttachmentFlags	0x00000000
0x3001001f	PidTagDisplayName	test.txt
0x7ffa0003	PidTagAttachmentLinkId	0x00000000
0x37140003	PidTagAttachFlags	0x00000000
0x7ffe000b	PidTagAttachmentHidden	0x00
0x3707001f	PidTagAttachLongFilename	test.txt
0x3704001f	PidTagAttachFilename	test.txt
0x3703001f	PidTagAttachExtension	.txt
0x30070040	PidTagCreationTime	2008/02/12 22:28:34.636
0x30080040	PidTagLastModificationTime	2008/02/12 22:28:50.112
0x37090102	PidTagAttachRendering	3512 Bytes of Windows Metafile

To set the contents of the embedded image, the client uses four ROPs. For more information, see [MS-OXCPRPT].

1. **RopOpenStream** with PidTagAttachDataBinary
2. **RopSetStreamSize** with the size of image file data
3. **RopWriteStream** request with the actual file contents
4. **RopRelease** for the handle returned from RopOpenStream.

#### 4.5.4 RopSaveChangesAttachment Request Buffer

```
0000: 25 00 02 01 02
      RopId: 0x25
      LogonIndex: 0x00
      HandleIndex: 0x02
      AttachmentHandleIndex: 0x01
      SaveFlags: 0x02 (KeepOpenReadWrite)
```

#### 4.5.5 RopSaveChangesAttachment Response Buffer

```
0000: 25 02 00 00 00 00
      RopId: 0x25
      HandleIndex: 0x02
      ReturnValue: 0x00000000
```

#### 4.5.6 Releasing Attachment Object

Finally, the client releases the Attachment object by using **RopRelease**. See [MS-OXPRPT].

### 4.6 Setting Message Properties

The client sets all the necessary properties using **RopSetProperties** as specified in [MS-OXPRPT].

The HTML body, stored in **PidTagBodyHtml**, is the following:

```
<html>
<head>
<meta http-equiv=Content-Type content="text/html; charset=us-ascii">
</head>
<body lang=EN-US link=blue vlink=purple>
<p>This is a sample body text<o:p></o:p></p>
<p ><o:p></o:p></p>
</div>
</body>
</html>
```

### 4.7 Adding Recipients

#### 4.7.1 RopModifyRecipients Request Buffer

```
0000: 0e 00 08 0c 00 03 00 fe-0f 03 00 00 39 1f 00 ff
0010: 39 1f 00 fe 39 03 00 71-3a 03 00 05 39 1f 00 f6
0020: 5f 03 00 fd 5f 03 00 ff-5f 03 00 de 5f 03 00 df
0030: 5f 02 01 f7 5f 01 00 00-00 00 00 01 27 01 51 06
0040: 5a 00 55 73 65 72 32 00-75 00 73 00 65 00 72 00
0050: 32 00 00 00 75 00 73 00-65 00 72 00 32 00 00 00
0060: 0c 00 00 06 00 00 00 00-00 00 00 75 00 73 00 65
0070: 00 72 00 32 00 00 00 75-00 73 00 65 00 72 00 32
0080: 00 40 00 73 00 7a 00 66-00 6b 00 75 00 6b 00 2d
0090: 00 64 00 6f 00 6d 00 2e-00 65 00 78 00 74 00 65
```

00a0: 00 73 00 74 00 2e 00 6d-00 69 00 63 00 72 00 6f  
00b0: 00 73 00 6f 00 66 00 74-00 2e 00 63 00 6f 00 6d  
00c0: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00-00 00 40 75 00 73 00 65  
00d0: 00 72 00 32 00 00 00 01-00 00 00 00 00 00 00  
00e0: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 7c-00 00 00 00 00 dc a7 40  
00f0: c8 c0 42 10 1a b4 b9 08-00 2b 2f e1 82 01 00 00  
0100: 00 00 00 00 00 2f 6f 3d-46 69 72 73 74 20 4f 72  
0110: 67 61 6e 69 7a 61 74 69-6f 6e 2f 6f 75 3d 45 78  
0120: 63 68 61 6e 67 65 20 41-64 6d 69 6e 69 73 74 72  
0130: 61 74 69 76 65 20 47 72-6f 75 70 20 28 46 59 44  
0140: 49 42 4f 48 46 32 33 53-50 44 4c 54 29 2f 63 6e  
0150: 3d 52 65 63 69 70 69 65-6e 74 73 2f 63 6e 3d 75  
0160: 73 65 72 32 00

RopId: 0x0e

LogonIndex: 0x00

HandleIndex: 0x08

ColumnCount: 0x000c (Count of following **RecipientColumns**)

PidTagObjectType: 0x0ffe0003

PidTagDisplayType: 0x39000003

PidTagAddressBookDisplayNamePrintable: 0x39ff001f

PidTagSmtAddress: 0x39fe001f

PidTagSendInternetEncoding: 0x3a710003

PidTagDisplayTypeEx: 0x39050003

PidTagRecipientDisplayName: 0x5ff6001f

PidTagRecipientFlags: 0x5ffd0003

PidTagRecipientTrackStatus: 0x5fff0003

PidTagRecipientResourceState: 0x5fde0003

PidTagRecipientOrder: 0x5fdf0003

PidTagRecipientEntryId: 0x5ff70102

RowCount: 0x0001 (Count of following **ModifyRecipientRows**)

RowId: 0x00000000

RecipientType: 0x01 (primary recipient)

RecipientRowSize: 0x0127 (Bytes in following RecipientRow)

RecipientFlags: 0101000100000110 (S,D,Type=Exchange,I,U)

AddressPrefixUsed: 0x5A (present because Type=Exchange)

DisplayType: 0x00 (present because Type=Exchange)

ExchangeAddress: User2 (present because Type=Exchange)

DisplayName: user2 (present because D is set)

SimpleDisplayName: user2 (present because S is set)

RecipientColumnCount: 0x000c (matches ColumnCount)

StandardPropertyRow:

Flag: 0x00

ValueArray: (property order defined by **RecipientColumns**)

PidTagObjectType: 0x00000006

PidTagDisplayType: 0x00000000

PidTag7BitDisplayName: user2

PidTagSmtAddress: user2@szfkuk-dom.extest.microsoft.com  
PidTagSendInternetEncoding: 0  
PidTagDisplayTypeEx: 0x40000000  
PidTagRecipientDisplayName: user2  
PidTagRecipientFlags: 0x00000001  
PidTagRecipientTrackStatus: 0x00000000  
PidTagRecipientResourceState: 0x00000000  
PidTagRecipientOrder: 0x00000000  
PidTagRecipientEntryId: 0x007c and the subsequent 124 (0x7c) bytes

#### 4.7.2 RopModifyRecipients Response Buffer

0000: 0e 08 00 00 00 00  
RopId: 0x0e  
HandleIndex: 0x08  
ReturnValue: 0x000000

### 4.8 Save Message

After all necessary properties set for the message it was saved. The client sends **RopSaveChangesMessage** request.

#### 4.8.1 RopSaveChangesMessage Request Buffer

0000: 0c 00 00 01 0a  
RopId: 0x0c  
LogonIndex: 0x00  
HandleIndex: 0x00  
MessageHandleIndex: 0x01  
SaveFlags: 0x0A (KeepOpenReadWrite)

#### 4.8.2 RopSaveChangesMessage Response Buffer

0000: 0c 00 00 00 00 00 01 01-00 00 00 00 f0 86 39  
RopId: 0x0c  
HandleIndex: 0x00  
ReturnValue: 0x00000000  
MessageHandleIndex: 0x01  
MessageId: 01 00 00 00 00 f0 86 39

### 4.9 Releasing Message Object

Finally, the client releases the Message object by using **RopRelease**. See [MS-OXPRPT].

## **5 Security**

### **5.1 Security Considerations for Implementers**

There are no special security considerations specific to the [MS-OXCMSG] protocol. General security considerations pertaining to the underlying RPC-based transport apply (see [MS-OXCROPS]).

### **5.2 Index of Security Parameters**

None.

## **6 Appendix A: Office/Exchange Behavior**

The information in this specification is applicable to the following versions of Office/Exchange:

- Office 2003 with Service Pack 3 applied
- Exchange 2003 with Service Pack 2 applied
- Office 2007 with Service Pack 1 applied
- Exchange 2007 with Service Pack 1 applied

Exceptions, if any, are noted below. Unless otherwise specified, any statement of optional behavior in this specification prescribed using the terms SHOULD or SHOULD NOT implies Office/Exchange behavior in accordance with the SHOULD or SHOULD NOT prescription. Unless otherwise specified, the term MAY implies Office/Exchange does not follow the prescription.

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